University of Wisconsin – Green Bay Professional Program in Education



Student Teacher Handbook

Policies and Guidelines for Student Teachers and Interns

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Mission/Vision Statement of the UW-Green Bay Professional Program in Education

The Professional Program in Education seeks to inspire and prepare future educators by cultivating knowledge, skills, and dispositions to improve the learning of students, nurturing a profound respect for the dignity and diversity of all learners, and guiding the development of critical thinking, reflective practice, and decision-making based on data. In keeping with this mission, the following integrated themes are evident in this course:

- A commitment to effective communication and ethical decision making
- Proficiency through performance-based assessment
- Environments that promote inquiry as the basis the authentic learning
- The integration of technology
- A strong focus on content and pedagogy
- Clearly identified standards for practice and performance
- A shared vision of teaching excellence

General Expectations and Information

As a present or future pre-service teacher in the Professional Program in Education at the University of Wisconsin-Green Bay, you now represent the teaching profession.

Your behavior and attitude in classes and professional settings reflect on the Education Program. As a professional, you are expected to come to all classes prepared to participate, extend your learning beyond the classroom and text, dress appropriately during field experiences, commit yourself to following an educational philosophy, and be an open-minded and active learner.

- **Students with Disabilities**: If you need special accommodations in order to meet any of the course requirements, please contact me.
- Students are responsible for checking their UW Green Bay email regularly for courserelated messages.
- University and department policies for religious observance, academic misconduct, complaint, grade appeal, and sexual harassment will be followed.

University of Wisconsin Green Bay Education Program Policies Student Teaching Policies

- The student teacher/intern is not assigned to schools in which a spouse or parent of the student teacher or intern is employed as a professional educator or administrator.
- The student teacher/intern is not assigned to schools in which siblings or children of the student teacher or intern are enrolled.
- The student teaching placement may be for two quarter-length terms or one semester-length term depending on the preference of the school district, the cooperating teacher, and the major/minor fields of certification.
- The placement will not be changed unless the change is requested by the cooperating teacher and/or the principal.
- The student teacher/intern will follow the calendar of the school in which the placement(s) occur(s). This calendar will differ from the University calendar.
- The student teacher/intern will follow the daily schedule for contracted teachers of the school.

Duration of the Student Teaching or Teaching Intern Assignment

State law requires that teachers complete a full K12 semester of full-time student teaching. This means that the semester of student teaching will extend longer than a traditional college semester. For students who have to student teach in more than one subject and/or grade, the student teaching experience would include about one quarter in one placement and a second quarter in another placement. A student teacher or intern who begins an assignment in the fall should plan to attend all appropriate school in-service and other meetings which normally occur in the week preceding the beginning of the school year. Both fall and spring placements are likely to begin prior to the college semester and end past the college semester.

The Student Teacher/Intern

The student teacher/intern will be subject, at all times, to the supervisory authority of the principal of any school building involved and to the administrative personnel of the school district with respect to teachers generally. Within the classroom and at all school functions, the student teacher/intern shall be subject to the rules and regulations of the school and shall be under the direction of the cooperating teacher. The cooperating teacher may leave the classroom with the student teacher/intern in charge of the class, but the cooperating teacher shall, at all times, retain the supervisory responsibility and control over the class and the program of instruction.

During the student teaching experience, the student teacher/intern should be given the opportunity to teach in a variety of situations including large groups, small groups, and on a one-to-one basis. If the cooperating teacher uses a specific teaching model, the student teacher/intern shall be introduced to the model and guided in its use.

The student teacher/intern should be responsible for a full teaching day for at least two weeks (though not necessarily in a continuous block) during each quarter on the student teaching assignment. While it is important that the cooperating teacher regularly observe the teaching of a student teacher/intern, it may be advantageous for the cooperating teacher to be absent from the room at times so that the student teacher has the experience of teaching independently.

During the period of assignment, the student teacher/intern is expected to follow the calendar and daily school hours established for regular teachers in the school. Exceptions must have the express approval of the cooperating teacher, the appropriate administrator of the school or school system, the Coordinator/Director of Clinical Experiences in Education, and the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction.

Responsibilities of the Student Teacher/Intern

Pursuant to rules established by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction and implemented by the UW Green Bay Professional Program in Education, student teachers and interns will be required to

- 1. Abide by standards of professional decorum established by the local education agency (schools and school districts) for personal comportment in interactions with students, staff, administrators, and community members.
- 2. Design and deliver instructional exercises and evaluate their teaching effectiveness as directed by the local education agency and the UW Green Bay Professional Program in Education.
- 3. Maintain records of the instructional exercises (i.e. logs, lesson plans, grade books, policies and as requested by the cooperating teacher and university supervisor.)

- 4. Agree to be observed by the cooperating teacher and university supervisor and participate in evaluation activities as deemed appropriate by these individuals.
- 5. Abide by the calendar and daily school hours established for regular teachers in the school.
- 6. Student teachers and interns may not serve as substitute teachers while completing student teaching.

Expectations for the Student Teaching/Interning Experience

As a professional, student teachers are expected to put in as much time as is necessary to complete the responsibilities as a teacher. At the very least, students are expected to follow the schedule for district/building teachers and arrive and depart when contracted teachers are required to arrive and depart. Student teachers are expected to participate in any functions required of contracted teachers.

- 1. Be punctual. Tardiness is never acceptable. Habitual tardiness is not tolerated and would be grounds for dismissal from student teaching.
- 2. Absences are not expected; however, illness is unpredictable. **ALL** absences must be reported according to the school policy, notifying the cooperating teacher and the student teaching coordinator at UWGB.
- 3. Follow the dress code for teachers.
- 4. Maintain lesson plans according to school direction.
- 5. Write detailed lesson plans on a regular basis. Have lesson plans available to the university supervisor and to the principal when requested.
- 6. Create learning center/bulletin board/teacher-made game, etc.
- 7. Design a curriculum unit of study/theme unit/integrated unit, etc.
- 8. Organize a portfolio of student work samples/collection of student essays/take pictures of students' projects, etc.
- Observe students to gain an increased awareness of the emotional, intellectual, and physical characteristics of children and youth. Use this knowledge when developing learning experiences for them.
- 10. Maintain confidentiality of all records pertaining to students.
- 11. Collect samples of assessment/teacher-made tests/portfolio assessment process, etc.
- 12. Keep a journal/reflections/diary. Write reflections in day planner or on each lesson plan. This is not mandatory, but a highly encouraged suggestion.
- 13. Visit other classrooms and special area teachers (minimum of three is suggested) to observe teachings and teaching styles. Arrange with teachers with cooperating teacher's permission.
- 14. Participate in all teacher duty schedule/study halls/playground duties, etc.
- 15. Consult with the cooperating teacher and review student records for special needs, if permitted.
- 16. Correct and assess student work in a variety of ways.
- 17. Attend parent conferences and observe the cooperating teacher.
- 18. Attend faculty meetings with the cooperating teacher.

- 19. Participate in professional development with the cooperating teacher.
- 20. Familiarize yourself with the school, its philosophy, structure, materials, and community, and the school's policies for regularly employed staff.
- 21. Follow school policies for use of school-owned equipment and supplies.
- 22. Keep confidential any information that is given to you about students, faculty administrators, or your supervisor.
- 23. Maintain ethical conduct in all aspects particularly in the teachers' lounge. Do not speak in disparaging terms about a member of the staff, the student body, school patrons, the administration or another student.
- 24. Assume the role of a teacher in the community.
- 25. When attending faculty meetings, do not speak out in an inappropriate tone of voice. Offer suggestions or input if asked but remember that you are not an authority on the subject.
- 26. Do not use language that is inappropriate (swear words, suggestive innuendoes, sexual connotations.)
- 27. Do not have any physical contact with a student.
- 28. During any physical altercation, you are not to physically put your hands or body upon a student, unless there is physical harm possible to another student and/or to yourself. Even in such a case, you are to restrain, not attack the offending individual. You can and MUST verbally tell students to "STOP" any and all physical altercations. Also remember, that if you are the lone adult authority present, send a student to the office for immediate assistance.
- 29. If you encounter inclement weather, check the procedure with your cooperating teacher or the school office. Ask, what the procedure is when school must be cancelled for snow days. How will you be notified or what radio station, TV station, website, etc. should you check for confirmation?

*Note: Students should check with the main office of each school in which they participated to get the official policy for the school district concerning student behavior and proper policy in dealing with such incidents.

Substitute Teachers/Interns as Substitute Teachers

<u>Paid substitute teaching cannot be substituted for student teaching</u>. If the student teacher is a licensed substitute teacher and wishes to terminate the student teaching experience to work as a substitute teacher, the student will be required to complete student teaching during the next term if the student wishes to receive a teacher certification recommendation.

Absences

Student teachers are to be in attendance for the entire school day and are to assist in co-curricular activities as may be suggested by the cooperating teacher and university supervisor. In the event of emergency absence, it is the responsibility of the student teacher/intern to notify the cooperating teacher, university supervisor, coordinator of student teaching, and/or building principal as much in advance as possible. In the event of an absence, the student teacher must be sure that all lesson plans, books, and materials are available to the cooperating teacher at the school.

All absences must be approved by the cooperating teacher, university supervisor, and coordinator of student teaching. Student teachers must notify all appropriate people when the absence occurs. Plans for non-emergency absences should be discussed with and approved by the cooperating teacher, university supervisor, and coordinator of student teaching well in advance. An example of a legitimate non-emergency absence would be to attend a job interview or to serve on a jury; however, these absences must be limited. Personal appointments should be scheduled after school or during breaks.

Student teaching assignments may be extended for absences due to prolonged illness and/or unexcused or excessive absences or will be terminated and completed when the student teacher has recovered.

Prolonged illnesses and/or absences should be discussed with the student teaching coordinator. Special circumstances need to be discussed with the cooperating teacher, university supervisor, and student teaching coordinator immediately. A mutual decision will be made concerning the feasibility of extending the student teaching placement.

Tardiness is unacceptable. Student teachers should report to school no later than the same time teachers are expected to be at school. Cooperating teachers are asked to make a note of tardiness. If this is a problem, it should be reported to the Student Teacher Coordinator after the third occurrence.

Work Stoppage

If a work stoppage (job action, slow down) occurs in a cooperating school system where UWGB students are assigned as interns, student teachers, or for other field experiences in Education, it is the policy of the Faculty in Education and the University of Wisconsin Green Bay, that such students be declared non-participants to either party involved. During this period of time when the schools are closed or when they are declared open without resolution of the conflicting issues between the Board of Education and the local teachers' association, the students will not report to the school but will report to the UWGB Campus. Upon consultation with the concerned parties, a change may be made in the assignment location or duration as may appear necessary or desirable in order that the objectives of the assignment will be achieved. The final decision in such cases is the responsibility of the UWGB Faculty in Education.

This policy is declared not to favor one side or the other but to realistically recognize the student's status as a non-participant in the negotiation process and as a temporary assignee to the school system, and further, to protect all parties in the clinical programs from conflict and concern.

Liability

To date, there have been no incidents where elementary or secondary school students have been injured while under the supervision of a UWGB student teacher, intern, or student assigned to a school for other field experiences in Education. There are, however, several legal assumptions that can be stated:

- 1. Liability may be the responsibility of the UWGB student assigned to the school.
- Liability may be the responsibility of the regular members of the cooperating school system's professional staff who have agreed to supervise UWGB students with or without increased compensation, or who at the time of the injury are supervising a student teacher, intern, or other student(s) assigned for field experiences in Education.
- 3. Liability may be institutional in character in that the responsibility might rest with:
 - the local school district which authorized the assignment of the UWGB student, or
 - b. the University of Wisconsin Green Bay, which was involved in the selection and assignment of the student.

All UWGB students who are assigned to schools as intern teachers, student teachers or for any other assigned field experience are covered as agents of the University under the State of Wisconsin liability program within the limits established by State Statutes. This coverage includes legal costs, bond and other expenses incurred in connection with the defense or settlement.

In addition, students should be covered by their own policy or a policy from a professional organization for liability insurance. WEAC memberships are encouraged for the Liability coverage.

Link to Enroll in WEAC Membership:

https://ims.nea.org/HowToJoin/stateStudent.do?mbrType=STUDENT&sea=wi

Timelines for Student Teaching

Student teaching is the final supervised field experience for students seeking teacher certification. Learning to teach is a gradual process which includes observing teachers, preparing lesson plans and classroom activities, implementing the prepared lessons, assessing students, and assessing the performance of the student teacher to provide feedback for improvement. To make the student teaching experience as beneficial as possible, we suggest the following timeline as a GUIDE to assist you in your student teaching planning. While this timeline is provided as a guide, students may feel ready to accept more responsibility sooner. This is a mutual decision between the cooperating teacher and the student teacher. It should be noted, however, that the student teacher cannot fill in as a substitute teacher. The student teacher should be providing assistance to the classroom teacher while learning the role and responsibilities of the classroom teacher.

Week 1	Become acquainted with the school, staff, and students. Meet the teachers and
	administrators. Begin attending school activities include staff, unit, and committee
	meetings as well as PTO meetings and student activities. Learn the students' names and
	classroom procedures. Begin planning and preparing for one class. Discuss lesson
	planning with the cooperating teacher. Observe the cooperating teacher and assist in daily
	teacher tasks such as grading papers.
Week 2	Develop and implement lesson plans in one class period. Assist with planning all other
	classes. Assist the cooperating teacher with daily duties. Assist with one-on-one
	instruction and small group instruction.
Week 3	Completely take responsibility for one or two more class periods a day. Cooperatively plan
	and teach a second period with your cooperating teacher. With guidance from the
	cooperating, develop your own teacher-made tests and worksheets.
Week 4	Begin teaching two or more class periods a day adjusting the teaching load as the
	cooperating teacher feels it is appropriate. Develop and implement plans for lead teaching
	as appropriate. Complete a self-assessment. Prepare for and complete evaluation with
	your cooperating teacher and university supervisor.
Week 5	Begin lead teaching all classes if schedule has not already been adjusted. Prepare grades
	for students.
Week 6	Continue teaching all classes as recommended by the cooperating teacher. Observe another
	teacher when schedule permits.
Week 7	Continue teaching all classes as recommended by the cooperating teacher. Continue
	cooperative planning and observations of other teachers as time permits.
Week 8	Reduce teaching load by one or two class periods a day; continue cooperative planning and
	observations. Prepare for final evaluation. Complete a self-assessment.
Week 9	Prepare for and complete final evaluation with your cooperating teacher and
	university supervisor. At cooperating teacher's direction, reduce teaching load to permit
	cooperating teacher to assume control of classroom. Resume role as an observer and
	assistant to your cooperating teacher. Continue to grade papers and assist teacher in small
	group or one-on-one instruction. Return all classroom materials to the cooperating
	teacher. NOTE: Student teachers are expected to be involved at school through the end of
	the quarter and the semester or the end of the school year. The actual number of weeks in
	either placement may vary due to trimester schedules in some schools. If there are
	questions, please contact the Student Teaching Coordinator at UWGB at 920-465-2566.

By Wisconsin State Statute 118.19(3)(a), "each student in the program is required to completed student teaching consisting of full days for a full semester following the daily schedule and semester calendar of the cooperating school."

18 Week Student Teaching Timeline Options

Option 1:

Option 1				
Weeks	Become acquainted with the school, staff, and students. Meet the teachers and			
1 & 2	administrators. Begin attending school activities include staff, unit, and committee			
	meetings as well as PTO meetings and student activities. Learn the students' names and			
	classroom procedures. Begin planning and preparing for one class. Discuss lesson			
	planning with the cooperating teacher. Observe the cooperating teacher and assist in daily			
	teacher tasks such as grading papers.			
Week	Develop and implement lesson plans in one class period. Assist with planning all other			
3 & 4	classes. Assist the cooperating teacher with daily duties. Assist with one-on-one			
	instruction and small group instruction.			
Week	Completely take responsibility for one or two more class periods a day. Cooperatively plan			
5 & 6	and teach a second period with your cooperating teacher. With guidance from the			
	cooperating, develop your own teacher-made tests and worksheets. Prepare for and			
	complete evaluation with your cooperating teacher and university supervisor.			
Week	Begin teaching two or more class periods a day adjusting the teaching load as the			
7 & 8	cooperating teacher feels it is appropriate. Develop and implement plans for lead teaching			
	as appropriate. Complete a self-assessment. Prepare for and complete evaluation with			
	your cooperating teacher and university supervisor.			
Week	Begin lead teaching all classes if schedule has not already been adjusted. Prepare grades			
9 & 10	for students.			
Week	Continue teaching all classes as recommended by the cooperating teacher. Observe another			
11 & 12	teacher when schedule permits. Prepare for and complete evaluation with your			
	cooperating teacher and university supervisor.			
Week	Continue teaching all classes as recommended by the cooperating teacher. Continue			
13 & 14	cooperative planning and observations of other teachers as time permits.			
Week	Reduce teaching load by one or two class periods a day; continue cooperative planning and			
15 & 16	observations. Prepare for final evaluation. Complete a self-assessment.			
Week	Prepare for and complete final evaluation with your cooperating teacher and			
17 & 18	university supervisor. At cooperating teacher's direction, reduce teaching load to permit			
	cooperating teacher to assume control of classroom. Resume role as an observer and			
	assistant to your cooperating teacher. Continue to grade papers and assist teacher in small			
	group or one-on-one instruction. Return all classroom materials to the cooperating			
	teacher. NOTE: Student teachers are expected to be involved at school through the end of			
	the quarter and the semester or the end of the school year. The actual number of weeks in			
	either placement may vary due to trimester schedules in some schools. If there are			
	questions, please contact the Student Teaching Coordinator at UWGB at 920-465-2835.			

Option 2: Complete two 9-week cycles following the 9-week timeline above

Option 3:

Week 1	Become acquainted with the school, staff, and students. Meet the teachers and			
administrators. Begin attending school activities include staff, unit, and commi				
	meetings as well as PTO meetings and student activities. Learn the students' names and			
	classroom procedures. Begin planning and preparing for one class. Discuss lesson			
	planning with the cooperating teacher. Observe the cooperating teacher and assist in daily			
XX 1.0	teacher tasks such as grading papers.			
Week 2	Develop and implement lesson plans in one class period. Assist with planning all other			
	classes. Assist the cooperating teacher with daily duties. Assist with one-on-one			
*** 1.0	instruction and small group instruction.			
Week 3	Completely take responsibility for one or two more class periods a day. Cooperatively plan			
	and teach a second period with your cooperating teacher. With guidance from the			
	cooperating, develop your own teacher-made tests and worksheets.			
Week 4	Begin teaching two or more class periods a day adjusting the teaching load as the			
	cooperating teacher feels it is appropriate. Develop and implement plans for lead teaching			
	as appropriate. Complete a self-assessment. Prepare for and complete evaluation with			
	your cooperating teacher and university supervisor.			
Week 5	Begin lead teaching all classes if schedule has not already been adjusted. Prepare grades			
	for students.			
Week 6	Continue teaching all classes as recommended by the cooperating teacher. Observe another			
	teacher when schedule permits.			
Week 7	Continue teaching all classes as recommended by the cooperating teacher. Continue			
	cooperative planning and observations of other teachers as time permits.			
Week 8	Reduce teaching load by one or two class periods a day; continue cooperative planning and			
	observations. Prepare for final evaluation. Complete a self-assessment.			
Week 9	Prepare for and complete evaluation with your cooperating teacher and university			
	supervisor. At cooperating teacher's direction, reduce teaching load to permit cooperating			
	teacher to assume control of classroom. Resume role as an observer and assistant to your			
	cooperating teacher. Continue to grade papers and assist teacher in small group or one-on-			
	one instruction. Return all classroom materials to the cooperating teacher.			
Weeks	a. Cooperating Teacher & Student Teacher Team Teach for remainder of			
10-18	placement -or-			
	b. Develop a personalized schedule that works best for students, cooperating			
teacher and student teacher				
	Prepare for and complete two more evaluations with your cooperating teacher and			
	university supervisor throughout the remainder of student teaching.			

University of Wisconsin-Green Bay

Professional Program in Education | Lesson Plan Template

Date of Lesson:	Preservice Teacher:
Grade Level:	Subject Area:
Time Needed:	Topic:

Background

Context for Learning:

- In what type of school will this lesson take place (urban, suburban, rural)?
- Describe any district or school requirements or expectations that might affect your planning or delivery of instruction, such as required curricula, pacing plan, use of specific instruction strategies, or standardized tests.
- Identify any textbook or instructional program you primarily use for instruction.
- Consider the variety of learners in your class who may require different strategies/supports or accommodations/modifications to instruction or assessment. For example
 - Students with Individualized Education Programs (IEPs) or 504 Plans
 - With specific language needs
 - Needing greater challenge or support
 - Who struggle with reading
 - Who are underperforming students or have gaps in academic knowledge

Lesson Plan

1. Content Standard:

What state approved standard (benchmark, grade level expectation, etc.) will be addressed in this lesson? (e.g Common Core State Standard, NCTM Principle and Standards, Wisconsin Model Early Learning Standards, Next Generation Science Standards). Write out the standard in entirety (standard number and description.

2. Student Prior Knowledge:

Cite evidence of what students know, can do, and what they are still learning to do.

3. Learning Objectives:

Identify learning objectives written in student-friendly language (For example, "I can...", "Students will be able to...", "Students will know..." statements). These should be detailed and specific; avoid broad terms or objectives that are too hard to accomplish or assess. However, keep in mind that some objectives may be tackled over multiple lessons and across units.

a) Essential Ouestion:

What question will students be able to answer upon completion of this lesson? (This could be your student-friendly learning objective stated as a question.)

4. Academic Language Demands:

Academic Language Demands are the specific ways that academic language is used by students to participate in learning tasks through reading, writing, listening, and/or speaking to demonstrate their disciplinary understanding. There are four main Academic Language Demand: language function, vocabulary and/or symbols, discourse, and syntax.(Complete sections a-d below.)

a) Language Function

The content and language focus of the learning task, represented by the active verbs within the learning outcomes

b) Vocabulary and/or Symbols

Includes words and phrases that are used within disciplines including (1) words and phrases with subject-specific meanings that differ from meanings used in everyday life (e.g. table); (2) general academic vocabulary used across disciplines (e.g compare, analyze, evaluate); and (3) subject-specific words defined for use in the discipline.

c) Discourse

The structures of written and oral language, as well as how students talk, write, and participate in knowledge construction in ways that are appropriate both to their development and to the discipline. Discipline-specific discourse has distinctive features or ways of structuring oral or written language (text structures) that provide useful ways for the content to be communicated.

d) Syntax

The set of conventions for organizing symbols, words, and phrases together into structures (e.g. sentences, graphs, tables).

5. Assessment Plan:

How will you measure students' growth towards the learning objective? How will students get regular feedback on their growth and progress towards the learning objective?

a) Informal (formative assessment):

May include student questions and responses during instruction and teacher observations of students as they work or perform. (Identify any activity that you will use for assessment)

b) Formal (formative and summative assessment):

May include quizzes, homework assignments, journals, projects and performance tasks.

c) Evaluation Criteria

What evaluation criteria will you use (such as rubrics, checklists or solved problems in math)?

6. Learning Tasks

Includes activities, discussions, or other modes of participation that engage students to develop, practice, and apply skills and knowledge related to specific learning goal. Learning tasks may be scaffolded to connect prior knowledge to new knowledge and often include formative assessment. These activities **must** be research based and aligned to meet the learning objective.

a) Introduction:

How will you hook and hold students' attention? How will you transition from the prior learning activity?

b) Body:

What framework (Gradual Release, Inquiry, Problem Based Learning, etc.) will be use

d?

Use the "Teacher will..." & "Students will..." format below to thoroughly describe the lesson and answer the following questions: What will you, as the teacher be doing? What will the students be doing? How long will each activity take? How will you explicitly address the language function in addition to the content?

Teacher will	Students will	Time

c) Closure:

How will you bring this lesson to a close in a meaningful way? How will you connect this lesson to students' previous learning? How will students apply the newly learned skill?

Materials Needed:

List any materials (copies, books, technology) that you and the students will need to complete the lesson.

Modifications/Adaptions:

How will you need to modify or adapt this lesson to specific students learning needs? (Reference your variety of learners described in the context of learning.)

First Week Check-List

☐ Meet the building administration, counselors, secretaries, etc.
☐ Meet the other teachers in your grade level, subject area, and/or team.
Review class schedule and school calendar.
Review school handbook for the school's philosophy, goals, fire drill procedures, discipline policies, dress codes, and teacher policies.
Tour the building and familiarize yourself with key areas.
Confirm phone numbers for your school principal, cooperating teacher, university supervisor, and the student teaching coordinator.
Review expectations for extra duties, if assigned.
Review daily schedule, class lists, and seating charts used by your cooperating teacher.
Learn students' names.
Review the curriculum guides, class materials, and lesson/unit plans.
Familiarize yourself with the grade book/online grading system.
Familiarize yourself with the Learning Management System.
Familiarize yourself with the technology and instructional support.
Introduce yourself to parents (if you have not already done so).

Important People to Meet at Your Placement

Try to meet as many people as possible throughout your placement. You will quickly find that each person plays an important role in making a school successful. These professionals have invaluable insights. Take the opportunity to learn from each and everyone of them. Below is an incomplete list of some of the professionals you should try to meet.

Principal: Thank them for allowing you to student teach in their school Assistant principal and other administrators	☐ School Nurse ☐ School Counselor/Guidance Counselors ☐ Other student teachers in your building	
☐ Department chair/team lead	☐ Librarian	
☐ Secretaries	☐ Technology Specialist	
☐ Aides	☐ Student Services Personnel	
☐ Custodians	☐ Teachers in your school and district	
☐ Social Worker	☐ Athletic/Activities Coordinator	

How to be a Successful Student Teacher/Intern

- Be your best self: It is important to be authentically you when you teach. Students will be able to tell when you are disingenuous or putting on a show so embrace yourself. Additionally, it can be exhausting trying to be someone else. Be you! With that being said, try to be the best version of you. You are a role model for your students so set a good example.
- Reflect: Reflection is one of the most powerful tools a teacher has. We recommend that you keep a journal to record your thoughts on the day's lessons. Consider questions like: What did you learn? What went well? What didn't? What would you do differently? What surprised you? The more you think about your teaching and purposefully reflect on how things went, the better you will get.
- Learn: Be a sponge! While at your placement/internship, you will be surrounded by numerous experts. Use this opportunity to soak up their years of expertise. Ask questions, observe as many teachers as possible, borrow techniques, and keep an open mind. The more teaching tools you have, the more likely you will be able to teach all students. Be openminded and be flexible. What works for one person or student may not work for another.
- **Be professional**: Treat this opportunity has an extended interview. Many districts look to hire their student teachers and interns if they do a good job. Even if there is not a job opportunity for the district you are in, this is an opportunity to make a good impression and build a strong network. The teaching community is small, and a good word from your cooperating teacher/principal may be the key to landing a job.

- **Dress the part:** Each school is going to have its unique culture. Until you are familiar with the school, be sure to make a good first impression and establish yourself as a professional early in your placement. You can always adjust once you have had the opportunity to learn about the school's expectation and culture around the dress code. If you are unsure of what to wear, always learn towards the more professional option.
- **Build Relationships:** One of the first things you should work on is learning all of your students' names. Learning names can be tricky, especially if you teach multiple different classes, but it is an important first step in building a positive relationship with your students. Learning names is an intentional activity. Good teachers work hard to memorize all of their students' names. Ask different teachers what works best for them. As you learn their names, ask them questions about themselves. Get to know them! Relationship building is one of the most important things a teacher does (if not the most important). This also extends to the other teachers and staff you will be working with.
- **Communicate:** Communicate with your cooperating teacher early and often. If appropriate, connect with the students' families to let them know you will be their cooperating teacher. If you have any concerns, make sure to share them with your cooperating teacher and university supervisor early so they can be addressed.
- **Get involved:** Seek out opportunities to get involved in and out of the classroom. The more involved you get the more you will learn.

A Few Things to Avoid

- Absences: Availability is the best ability. Unexcused absences and extended absences put your placement at risk. If you miss too many days, you may need to repeat a portion or all of your student teaching. With that being said, you will get sick. It is unavoidable. It is okay to take a sick day if you believe that you are putting you or your students at risk. If this is the case, rest up and get better. Make sure to inform your cooperating teacher, university supervisor, and Kory Baker as soon as you make the decision.
- Gossip and Negativity: Any teacher can attest that there will be good days and bad days. Avoid spaces where there is an overabundance of negativity. Do not get caught up in gossip about students, families, and other teachers.
- Criticizing: Chances are you do not know the full story. Do not criticize your cooperating teacher to another teacher or criticize other teachers in the building. This is unacceptable. If you have serious concerns, please address them with your university supervisor. They will help you navigate your next steps. Remember that all teachers do things differently. Avoid saying: "UWGB/my professors taught me to do it this way...". Be open to their ideas and be appreciative of their guidance. You may choose to share how you were taught but be respectful and open to trying new things.
- Sharing Student Information: Respect the confidentiality of all student records and information. Have a conversation with your cooperating teacher early in your placement about what can and cannot be shared about your students.

Evaluation of Student Teacher/Intern's Teaching

Regular evaluating and conferring relative to all aspects of a student teacher's or intern's teaching and observations are essential to the maximum professional development of the student teacher/intern. Evaluation of the student teacher should be based on the day-to-day growth of the individual's capability of becoming a competent beginning teacher rather than simply asking the question, "How well did I do?" Student teachers/interns should be encouraged and assisted in continuous self-evaluation throughout the semester. If the student teacher/intern does not solicit evaluative feedback each day from the cooperating teacher, the cooperating teacher should take the initiative and provide such daily feedback.

Everyone understands that mistakes and errors are expected and that the student teaching/interning experience provides a laboratory setting for development and improvement of teaching competence by student teachers and teaching interns.

The Evaluation Process

In addition to the essential day-to-day evaluation, we believe that it is important to complete formal evaluations of the student teacher. The University of Wisconsin Green Bay requires a minimum of four written evaluations for each student teacher/intern, based upon classroom observation by the cooperating teacher and the university supervisor. The following evaluation forms will meet the minimum requirements for a student teaching placement:

- 1. An *Interim (Mid-Term) Evaluation* of teaching performance (See Appendix);
- 2. A Final Evaluation of teaching performance;
- 3. The Recommendation for Teacher Certification form (See appendix B); and
- 4. The Cooperating Teacher's Letter of Recommendation (Requested but optional).

The main question to ask yourself is "Does this student teacher have the potential to become a successful teacher"?

Cooperating teachers are asked to complete the *Student Teaching Observation*/Evaluation Form and to send it to the UWGB Education Office. A final evaluation using the same form should be completed at or near the end of the student teacher's assignment. All evaluations and recommendations made by the cooperating teacher and the university supervisor should be reviewed with the student teacher. Instructions on returning evaluations are below.

After the Coordinator/Director of Clinical Experiences receives and reviews the evaluations written by both the student teacher's/intern's Cooperating Teacher(s) and the University Supervisor, the UWGB Education Office will place copies of all documents in the student's education file in the Education Office.

It is very important that the student teacher/intern be aware of any problems (particularly those which would affect a certification recommendation) well before the end of the student teaching assignment. It is recommended that the student teacher/intern make every effort to communicate effectively with his/her cooperating teacher(s) and that he/she informs the university

supervisor before problems that might jeopardize a favorable certification recommendation become irreconcilable. The Coordinator/Director of Clinical Experiences should be appraised of major problems or issues as they arise. DO NOT wait to inform the student, university supervisor, or the Coordinator/Director of Clinical Experiences of a problem which will affect the deferral or denial of a recommendation for a teaching license. All parties to the student teaching experience have the responsibility to communicate often and honestly in an effort to assist the student teacher in becoming an effective educator.

At the conclusion of the student teaching assignment, the cooperating teacher will hold a final, culminating conference with the student. The "Final Evaluation" of the student teaching/interning performance report and the other formal evaluations should be discussed with the student teacher/intern at that conference. If desired, the cooperating teacher and/or student teacher/intern may request that the university supervisor also participate in this culminating conference.

As stated earlier, the cooperating teacher will forward the completed "Final Evaluation" of teaching performance, "Recommendation for Teacher Certification," and the written letter of evaluation to the Education Department Office. These may be mailed to the UWGB Education Office or submitted electronically (See instructions below). The final evaluation form(s) and the recommendation for teacher certification are placed in the student's file in the Education Office. Student teachers who are applying for teaching positions before completion of their student teaching assignment are advised to request an interim letter of recommendation from both the cooperating teacher and the university supervisor.

Evaluation Materials

The evaluation forms and materials are offered electronically via the UWGB Education Website under the student teaching tab. There are numerous ways that cooperating teachers and/or supervisors may submit evaluations to the Education Office. Instructions for all available options are explained further in detail below. The student should always receive one copy of the evaluation for his or her personal records:

Paper Evaluation Process:

- 1. Print, or save, the Evaluation Forms and Recommendation Forms at: www.uwgb.edu/education
- 2. Complete the evaluation either on paper or via a computer.
- 3. Mail, or email, the completed evaluation to Kory Baker, Professional Program in Education 2420 Nicolet Drive Green Bay, WI 54311, (bakerko@uwgb.edu) by the suggested timeline dates.

Electronic Student Teacher Evaluation Tutorial

The Student Teacher Evaluation can be accessed via the UWGB Education Website: http://www.uwgb.edu/education/student-teaching/cooperating-teachers/

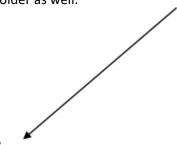
The electronic Student Teacher Evaluation can also be accessed via this link: http://uwgreenbay.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV_1NrnPEdTKQrF8PP



Step 2: Using the Levels of Performance, slide the green dot for each of the components within each domain. **For more information on what is included in each domain, please refer to the paper evaluation located in the Cooperating Teacher Handbook, which has been posted on the UWGB Education Website.

Step 3: Enter your email address in the last box. This is to ensure that you receive a copy of the evaluation. Once you receive a copy, please forward the email to your student teacher. **NOTES**:

• Sometimes the evaluation email is sent to your spam folder, so please check your spam folder as well.



• The evaluation is automatically submitted to the University when the green arrow button is clicked.

Email address of Evaluator (Evaluator will receive a copy of this evaluation via em	ail):
	_
	>>

Grading

Grading of student teaching/interning at UWGB is on a pass-no credit basis. The cooperating teacher, in consultation with the University Supervisor, will recommend that certification be granted, deferred, or denied. Normally, this recommendation will be made at the conclusion of the scheduled student teaching assignment.

If the cooperating teacher(s) decides that a student does not merit recommendation for certification at the completion of his/her student teaching assignment but is of the opinion that the student teacher/intern has demonstrated enough progress that an extension of the student teaching/interning assignment or the completion of another assignment would likely provide sufficient opportunity for the desired additional experience and professional growth, the student teacher or intern will be permitted to enroll in a second student teaching assignment in a subsequent semester, if that is his/her desire. When a recommendation is made that certification be **deferred**, the cooperating teacher is asked to recommend any conditions which should be met before the student should be allowed to become licensed. Usually, cooperating teachers who recommend that certification be deferred, also recommend a second student teaching assignment in a subsequent semester. If the cooperating teacher(s) indicates that the student should be **denied** certification, the student's overall performance is evaluated and may not be given an opportunity to undertake further student teaching, and he/she will not receive a recommendation for a teaching license from the Certification Officer at UWGB.

The University Supervisor

The primary role of the university supervisor is to be a second party in the observation and evaluation of the student teacher/intern and to provide professional input to the cooperating teacher and to the student teacher during the experience. Many university supervisors are full-time faculty members; however, they may be ad hoc faculty members with teaching and supervisory experience and expertise in instruction at the grade levels and/or subject areas of the student teacher/intern's assignment. The university supervisor's role is to supervise the student teacher and evaluate their performance. It is not his/her responsibility to evaluate the cooperating teacher nor to change the cooperating teacher's classroom.

Requirements

The university supervisor will make a minimum of four classroom visits (2 per quarter) of at least one hour in length to observe the teaching of each student teacher or teaching intern. For each student teacher or intern, the university supervisor will

- confer a minimum of two times with both the cooperating teacher and the student teacher present at the conference during the semester.
- attempt to have a three-way conference involving her/himself, the cooperating teacher, and the student teacher or intern before or after <u>each observational</u> visit, but responsibilities and time constraints on all of the parties involved may make such a three-way conference impossible on some observational visits.

Responsibilities

It is the responsibility of the university supervisor

- to become acquainted with the cooperating teacher(s) of each student teacher/intern under his/her supervision, and
- to work cooperatively with the cooperating teacher(s) in promoting the student teacher's or intern's continuous growth as a professional educator.

The university supervisor should objectively evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of each student teacher/intern and counsel with the student teacher/intern and cooperating teacher(s) as needed. The primary function of this consulting with student teachers/interns and cooperating teachers is to help plan experiences that will lead to any needed improvements in the teaching performance of the student teachers/interns. The university supervisor also has the responsibility

- to write letters of recommendation, based on her/his observations of classroom performance,
- to evaluate the overall performance of the student teachers,
- to become familiar with the pre-student teaching preparation of his/her student teachers/interns and with the programs of the cooperating schools and cooperating teachers,
- and to share a responsibility with cooperating teachers, student teachers/interns and
 others in assisting the university in identifying areas of needed improvement in the pre-service
 education programs of the university and in helping to improve those programs.

A Final Word

In addition to making periodic visits, the university supervisor is available for consultation as needed throughout the student teaching experience. Whenever any problems or difficulties arise, cooperating teachers and student teachers/interns are urged to contact the university supervisor or the Coordinator/Director of Clinical Experiences in Education without delay. Experience has shown that many serious problems can be averted through early consultation and discussion. In the event of questions or problems, please call the Education Department office at (920) 465-2835.

Policy Statement Concerning Student Teaching Clinical Experiences Expectations

Under the policies and guidelines of the Professional Program in Education, students participating in the student teaching clinical experience in schools and other professional settings at all times are to display appropriate conduct. Included in this behavior is:

- Wearing proper attire (blue jeans are not to be worn to your assignments)
- Hats are also not appropriate professional attire in the classroom.
- T-shirts with slogans encouraging political or antisocial behavior of any kind are not to be worn. (This includes commercial endorsements of various products.)

Further, as a student teacher, you are not to serve as a **substitute teacher**. Substitute teaching is not recognized as student teaching and does not fulfill the University requirement for student teaching.

While working in the school settings, you should have no physical contact with classroom students. All discipline and/or behavioral control and restrain are to be administered by the regular classroom teacher. During any physical altercations, you are not to physically put your hands or body upon a student, unless there is physical harm possible to another student and/or yourself. Even in such a case, you are to restrain, not attack, the offending individual. You can and must verbally tell students to "STOP" any and all physical altercations. Also remember that in all incidents, if you are the lone adult authority present, please send a student to the office for immediate assistance.

*Note: Students should check with the main office of each school in which they participated to get the official policy for the school district concerning student behavior and proper policy in dealing with such incidents.

Appendix A: Student Teacher Evaluation



Professional Program in Education

Student Teacher Evaluation

Modeled after the Danielson Framework

Student Teacher:	School:	
Evaluator:	Date:	Grade Level/Subject:

Levels of Performance: Use this rubric to guide your evaluation of the four domains and their respective components. The domains and components follow the Danielson Framework. The evaluation should be completed with the understanding that these are emerging educators. As such, the rubric designations differ from the traditional Danielson Framework.

1 = Unsatisfactory	2 = Basic	3 = Proficient	4 = Distinguished
Refers to student	Refers to student	Refers to successful,	Refers to advanced
teaching that does not	teaching that has the	student teacher	student teaching that
convey understanding	necessary knowledge	practice. The student	involves students in
of the concepts	and skills to be effective,	teacher consistently	innovative learning
underlying the	but its application is	teaches at a proficient	processes and creates a
component. This level of	inconsistent across the	level. It would be	true community of
performance is	component.	expected that student	learners. Student
unsatisfactory and		teachers would perform	
ineffective.		at this level.	this level are advanced
			in the field, both inside
			and outside of their
			school.

Component			1	2	3	4
l.a Applying Kno	owledge of Content and Pedagogy					
•	Planning and preparation demonstrate under	rstanding of th	e centra	ıl conce	pts of the	disciple a
content		J			•	•
•	Lesson and unit plans include a variety of stra	ategies approp	riate to	the disc	ipline an	d student
•	Adaptations are made to meet the unique ne	eds of the stu	dents			
•	Plans and preparation include interdisciplinar	y material and	d skills th	nat conr	nect to re	al world
applicat	ion					
.b Knowing and	Valuing Students					
•	The teacher applies knowledge of the studen	ts' race, cultui	e, and ic	dentitie	s to planr	ning and
prepara	tion					
•	The teacher differentiates based on the varie	d knowledge a	and skills	of the	students	
•	Lesson planning and preparation incorporate	the students'	cognitiv	e, socia	I, and em	otional
develop	oment					
•	The teacher works to build strong relationshi	ps with the stu	udents		ı	1
.c Setting Instru	actional Outcomes					
•	Instructional outcomes are relevant and refle	ct important l	earning	and dev	/elopmen	ıt
	Instructional outcomes reflect grade-level sta					
	Instructional outcomes are clear and specific					
	Instructional outcomes integrate academic, s	ocial-emotion	al, and c	haracte	r develop	ment
.d Using Resour	ces Effectively					
	Evidence of prior training or collaboration wi	th colloagues				
	Evidence of teacher seeking out resources (o	_	(ماممم			
	District-provided instructional, assessment, a			nd ac an	proprieto	,
	Technology and other digital resources are us			-		
availabl		sea to emiliane	c icariiii	8 WIICII	арргорг	atc and
	Resources are culturally responsive					
	erent Instruction					
•	Tasks and activities are aligned with learning	outcomes				
	Multiple strategies and approaches are used		eeds of v	/arious	students	
	Instructional groups are organized thoughtfu		ccus or v	, anous	staaciits	
	Plans for learning are well structured	,				
	l Analyzing Assessments (Optional)					
	Assessments are aligned to instructional outc	omos and nro	vido ovi	donco o	fstudont	
underst	-	onies and pro	vide evit	defice 0	i student	
	Assessment criteria and standards are establi	shed clear a	nd under	standa	hle hv sti	idents
	Formative assessments are planned and prov	-			•	
progres			- P.OCOI	_ J. J.u		0
	Assessment results are used in future plannir	ng				
•		_				

	Component	1	2	3	4	
a. Cultivati	ng Respectful and Affirming Environments					
•	Classroom interactions demonstrate caring and resp	pect		- I	1	
•	Verbal and nonverbal communication indicates that	students feel p	art of the	classroor	n	
con	mmunity					
•	Learning environments reflect elements of students	' racial and cult	ural identi	ities		
•	 Learning environments recognize and honor individual differences 					
•	Teacher and students use a clear approach to confli	ct resolution		_		
b. Fostering	g a Culture for Learning					
•	The teacher and students demonstrate a belief in th	ne importance c	f learning	and pers	onal	
gro	wth	į · · · · · · · · ·		. 100.0		
•	The teacher encourages student curiosity, critical th	inking, reasonii	ng, and ref	lection		
•	Students have multiple opportunities to exercise ag	•	O,			
•	The teacher encourages confidence, resilience, pers	•	amwork			
c. Maintain	ing Purposeful Environments					
•	Students are engaged during group work					
•	Students are engaged during group work Routines and procedures support student autonom	y and assumption	on of respo	onsibility		
•		-	=	onsibility		
•	Routines and procedures support student autonom	-	=	onsibility		
ed. Supporti	Routines and procedures support student autonome Resources and supports are used efficiently effective	-	=	onsibility		
ed. Supporti	Routines and procedures support student autonome Resources and supports are used efficiently effective Non-instructional tasks are completed efficiently and Positive Student Behavior	-	=	onsibility		
d. Supporti	Routines and procedures support student autonome Resources and supports are used efficiently effective Non-instructional tasks are completed efficiently and Positive Student Behavior Positive behavior is modeled and taught explicitly	ely, and equital	=	onsibility		
d. Supporti	Routines and procedures support student autonome Resources and supports are used efficiently effective Non-instructional tasks are completed efficiently and Positive Student Behavior	ely, and equital	=	onsibility		
ed. Supporti	Routines and procedures support student autonome Resources and supports are used efficiently effective Non-instructional tasks are completed efficiently ng Positive Student Behavior Positive Student Behavior Positive behavior is modeled and taught explicitly The teacher and students establish and communication to the teacher models and teaches habits of characters.	ely, and equital	=	onsibility		
•	Routines and procedures support student autonome Resources and supports are used efficiently effective Non-instructional tasks are completed efficiently and Positive Student Behavior Positive behavior is modeled and taught explicitly The teacher and students establish and communications.	ely, and equital	=	onsibility		
•	Routines and procedures support student autonomy Resources and supports are used efficiently effective Non-instructional tasks are completed efficiently and Positive Student Behavior Positive Student Behavior Positive behavior is modeled and taught explicitly The teacher and students establish and communicate The teacher models and teaches habits of character The teacher encourages students to monitor their or the Spaces for Learning (Optional)	ely, and equital	=	onsibility		
•	Routines and procedures support student autonomy Resources and supports are used efficiently effective Non-instructional tasks are completed efficiently and Positive Student Behavior Positive Student Behavior Positive behavior is modeled and taught explicitly The teacher and students establish and communicate The teacher models and teaches habits of character The teacher encourages students to monitor their of the Spaces for Learning (Optional) The space is safe and accessible to all students	te expectations	bly	onsibility		
•	Routines and procedures support student autonome Resources and supports are used efficiently effective Non-instructional tasks are completed efficiently and Positive Student Behavior Positive Student Behavior Positive behavior is modeled and taught explicitly and the teacher and students establish and communicate the teacher models and teaches habits of character and teacher encourages students to monitor their of the spaces for Learning (Optional) The space is safe and accessible to all students are the design of the space support student learning and the space support student learning space support student learning space space support student learning space space support student learning space spa	te expectations	bly	onsibility		
•	Routines and procedures support student autonomy Resources and supports are used efficiently effective Non-instructional tasks are completed efficiently and Positive Student Behavior Positive Student Behavior Positive behavior is modeled and taught explicitly The teacher and students establish and communicate The teacher models and teaches habits of character The teacher encourages students to monitor their of the Spaces for Learning (Optional) The space is safe and accessible to all students	te expectations	bly	onsibility		

	Component	1	2	3	4	
Ba. Communi	icating About Purpose and Content					
•	The teacher clearly explains what students will be learning	g and why			ı	
•	Expectations for the learning activities are clear					
•	 Explanations of content are clear and accurate 					
•	The teacher uses content-specific language and vocabula	ry	_			
Bb. Using Qu	estioning and Discussion Techniques					
•	The teacher promotes critical thinking	N	· ·			
•	Questions and discussions invite students to explain their	thinking				
•	Questions encourage reflection					
•	The teacher engages students and invites them to partici	pate				
3c. Engaging Students in Learning						
			1			
•	Students engage in activities that support agency and rec					
Students collaborate during the lesson in a way that sup			_			
Instructional materials and resources are used effective			dents			
•	The pacing of the lesson supports reflection and learning	1	1			
d. Using Assessment for Learning						
•	Standards for of high-quality work and success are clear	o students				
•	Teacher monitors student understanding					
Teacher provides timely, constructive feedback						
•	The teacher and students use formative assessments to s	upport lea	rning and	developn	nent	
Ge. Responding Flexibly to Student Needs						
ov more	<u> </u>	1				
•	The teacher adjusts learning experiences to meet studen					
 The teacher incorporates students' interests and questions into learning experiences 						
 The teacher demonstrates determination and persistence in regard to student learning 						
• Comments/E						

Domain 4: Principled Teaching					
	Component	1	2	3	4
4a. Engaging	in Reflective Practices				
•	The teacher reflects on their practices				
•	The teacher uses student work to assess the effectiveness of				
•	The teacher analyzes the impact of their actions and beliefs			g	
•	The teacher considers multiple plans throughout the reflect	ion proce	SS I		
4b. Documen	ting Student Progress (Optional)				
•	The teacher documents and celebrates student progress		•	•	
•	There is a clear system for tracking progress				
•	The teacher engages students and those who support them	in identif	fying and	monitorir	ng goals
•	The teacher has accurate and accessible systems for trackin	g student	learning		
4c. Engaging	Families and Communities (Optional)				
•	The teacher engages with families and the community with	respect a	nd cultur	al awaren	ess
•	The teacher engages families and communities in contributi				
•	The teacher shares accessible and informative updates about	ut the inst	tructional	program	
•	The teacher invites families to engage in learning experienc	es			
4d. Contribut	ting to School Community and Culture				
•	The teacher takes initiative in contributing to the school cul	ture	I	I	I
•	The teacher has supportive and collaborative relationships		agues		
•	The teacher participates in professional inquiry with colleag	ues			
•	The teacher participates in school events				
4e. Growing a	and Developing Professionally				
•	The teacher engages in professional learning opportunities				
•	The teacher accepts and respects cultural differences				
•	The teacher takes initiative in deepening content knowledge	e and pec	lagogical	knowledg	e
•	The teacher invites, accepts, and acts on feedback				
4f. Acting in S	Service of Students				
•	The teacher acts honestly and with care and integrity		l	l	
•	The teacher seeks to make decisions in the best interest of	students			
•	The teacher addresses the needs of all students				
Comments/Ev	vidence:				

Summary		
Key Strengths:	Areas for Development:	
Overall Comments of Evaluator:		
Student Teacher Signature:	Date:	
Evaluator Signature:	Date:	

Appendix B: Recommendation for Certification

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN – GREEN BAY Professional Program in Education

University Supervisor/Cooperating Teacher Recommendation for Teacher Certification

Please submit this form with the Final Evaluation form at, or near, the conclusion of student teaching or intern experience.

Student Name				
School (s)				
1.	Length of Assignment	: 9 weeks	_ 18 weeks	
	Subject(s) Taught:			
Grade Level (s)):			
Estimated # of	days absent: Es	stimated # of da	ays tardy:	
My overall ass	essment of this studen	t teacher/inter	n (Choose On	e):
1	highly recommend tha	t this student b	e considered	for licensure.
I	recommend that this s	tudent be cons	idered for lice	ensure.
!	recommend with reser Please identify your co			considered for licensure.
				for licensure. The student needs to recommendation for licensure from
Comments/Re	commendations:			
Signature of Ev	valuator			Date
		RETUR	N TO:	
	Kory Baker	TET ON		ATTN: Kory Baker
	Email as PDF	or		Education Office
	Bakerko@uwgb.edu			University of Wisconsin-Green Bay 2420 Nicolet Drive

Green Bay, WI 54311-7001

Education 414: Seminar in Student Teaching

Instructor Erin Carlson **Course Overview**

Professional Program in Education

This two-credit seminar is intended to provide student teachers and interns with the opportunity to complete Department of Public Instruction certification requirements as well as to provide student teachers and interns with the experience of interacting with and learning from each other through professional development. Class meetings will be two, three-hour sessions on Saturdays preceding the start of the University semester and the student teaching/interning experience in the classroom. Two additional PD assignments are required as well for successful completion of this course. Information is provided below.

Phone (920) 465-2941

Email carlsone@uwgb.edu

Office Location WH 430E

Course Materials

Seminars will be held virtually in Microsoft Teams/Zoom. Course materials and resources can be found in our Teams site.

Meeting Protocols:

- Be mindful of background noises and distractions; a quiet room is best.
- Your camera must be on during the meeting.
- Keep the microphone muted unless participating in a discussion or asking a question.
- Avoid multi-tasking please remain focused on the information being presented and engaged in all activities & discussions.
- Do not use the chat-box unless prompted to do so.
- Prepare yourself just as you would for an in-person meeting. Professionalism is required.

Course Requirements

Attendance is mandatory for seminar sessions 1 and 2. Students are also required to complete two professional development assignments (submitted to Teams). Information to follow.

Seminar Schedule: Detailed agendas will be provided in Teams site

Date & Time	Seminar Meeting Topics	Requirements
Saturday, 9/23	Career Services Presentation	Participation is MANDATORY
9am-12pm	Applying for Teaching Jobs	
Saturday, 10/21	Licensure/Certification Process & Info	Participation is MANDATORY
9am-12pm		
DUE BY Saturday, 12/16	PD Book Study Assignment	Must be submitted to Teams by corresponding due date
DUE BY Saturday, 12/16	PD Live Session Assignment	Must be submitted to Teams by corresponding due date